76 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Kiribati

The maternal mortality ratio in Kiribati has improved from 116 in 2000 to 76 in 2020. Maternal mortality in Kiribati is nearly the same as its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

![Maternal mortality ratio graph]


42 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Kiribati in 2020

In Kiribati, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2020 was nearly the same as the average rate in its income group.

![Adolescent fertility rate graph]


103.8% of girls and 96.2% of boys complete lower secondary school in Kiribati as of 2020 data

Girls and boys in Kiribati have a very high completion rate of lower secondary school. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

![Lower secondary completion rate graph]


Data is not available for Kiribati for Adult literacy rate, by sex (% of people ages 15 and above)
Data is not available for Kiribati for Labor force participation rate, by sex (% of population ages 15+) (modeled ILO estimate)


Data is not available for Kiribati for Vulnerable employment, by sex (% of total employment) (modeled ILO estimate)

Source: World Bank, World Development Indicators database. Estimates are based on data obtained from International Labour Organization, ILIOSTAT at https://ilostat.ilo.org/data/.

Data is not available for Kiribati for Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day)

Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.
More men than women owned a business in 2018

The share of female business owners for Kiribati falls in the fourth quintile of all countries for which there are data. Share of business is calculated as the proportion of female or male newly registered limited liability company owners out of the total number of newly registered limited liability company owners in the economy in the calendar year. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2016 and 2018.

Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)

Data is not available for Kiribati for Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+)

Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.

Data is not available for Kiribati for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

Data is not available for Kiribati for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:

Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)
In Kiribati, the share of women who have experienced intimate partner violence is greater than the world average, 27%.

Intimate partner violence is by far the most prevalent form of violence against women globally and is defined as the percentage of ever-married women (ages 15-49) who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband or partner, whereas those who have ever experienced any form of sexual violence is the percentage of women (ages 15-49) who ever experienced sexual violence irrespective of marital status and perpetrator.

Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

Intimate partner violence 53%

Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/)

6.7% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2022 in Kiribati.

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Kiribati has increased since 2010. The current rate is lower than the average rate in lower-middle income countries.

Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)

Women represented 40.9% of those employed in senior and middle management in 2020.

The female share of employment in senior and middle management for Kiribati falls in the fourth quintile of all countries for which there are data. Data compiled from the most recent data point available between 2010 and 2022.

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.

Data is not available for Kiribati for Used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills in the past year, by sex (% age 15+)

Source: Global Findex database

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal
https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/kiribati/