59 women die per 10,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Samoa

The maternal mortality ratio in Samoa has improved from 75 in 2000 to 59 in 2020. Maternal mortality in Samoa is lower than its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.


44 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Samoa in 2020

In Samoa, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2020 was nearly the same as the average rate in its income group.


110.9% of girls and 102.8% of boys complete lower secondary school in Samoa as of 2021 data

The gap in lower secondary completion rate between boys and girls, 8.1, is larger than the gap of the East Asia & Pacific aggregate, 2.7. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Adult literacy in Samoa is nearly the same among women and men (2021)

In Samoa, both women and men have very high literacy rates. Adult literacy rate is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement about their everyday life.

In Samoa, the labor force participation rate among females is 41.1% and among males is 66.3% for 2022.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has remained roughly the same. Compared with labor force participation in the lower-middle income group, the gap between men and women is lower in Samoa.

Vulnerable employment for females has improved in Samoa since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 21.8% and among men is 31.3% in Samoa for 2021. The rate of vulnerable employment is lower for men and women in Samoa compared to the average rate in East Asia & Pacific.
Data is not available for Samoa for Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day).

Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.

More men than women owned a business in 2018

The share of female business owners for Samoa falls in the highest quintile of all countries for which there are data. Share of business is calculated as the proportion of female or male newly registered limited liability company owners out of the total number of newly registered limited liability company owners in the economy in the calendar year. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2016 and 2018.

Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Samoa</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>66%</td>
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</table>


Data is not available for Samoa for Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+).

Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.
Data is not available for Samoa for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

Male
Data is not available

Female
Data is not available

Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

Data is not available for Samoa for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:

Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

In Samoa, the share of women who have experienced intimate partner violence is greater than the world average. 27%

Intimate partner violence is by far the most prevalent form of violence against women globally and is defined as the percentage of ever-married women (ages 15-49) who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband or partner, whereas those who have ever experienced any form of sexual violence is the percentage of women (ages 15-49) who ever experienced sexual violence irrespective of marital status and perpetrator.

Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

Intimate partner violence
Data is not available

40%

Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/)
13% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2022 in Samoa

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Samoa has increased since 2010. The current rate is lower than the average rate in lower-middle income countries.

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)

Women represented 42.9% of those employed in senior and middle management in 2017

The female share of employment in senior and middle management for Samoa falls in the highest quintile of all countries for which there are data. Data compiled from the most recent data point available between 2010 and 2022.

Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.

Data is not available for Samoa for Using a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills in the past year, by sex (% age 15+).

Data is not available

Source: Global Findex database