112 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Algeria

The maternal mortality ratio in Algeria has improved from 161 in 2000 to 112 in 2017. Maternal mortality in Algeria is higher than its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

10 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Algeria in 2019

In Algeria, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2019 was lower than the average rate in its income group.

92.4% of girls and 73.8% of boys complete lower secondary school in Algeria as of 2019 data

The gap in lower secondary completion rate between boys and girls, 18.6, is larger than the gap of the Middle East & North Africa aggregate, 1.4. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Adult literacy in Algeria is lower among women than among men (2018)

The adult female literacy rate in Algeria is higher than in Middle East & North Africa. Adult literacy rate is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement about their everyday life.
In Algeria, the labor force participation rate among females is 17% and among males is 67.8% for 2019.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has increased. Compared with labor force participation in the lower-middle income group, the gap between men and women is higher in Algeria.

Vulnerable employment for females has improved in Algeria since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 23.5% and among men is 28.4% in Algeria for 2019. The rate of vulnerable employment is higher for men but similar for women in Algeria compared to the average rate in Middle East & North Africa.
In Algeria, women spend 5.8 times as much time on unpaid domestic and care work than men.

The data, expressed as a proportion of time in a day, measure the average time an individual spends on household provision of services for own consumption. In 2012, women in Algeria spent 21.7% of their day and men spent 3.8% of their day on unpaid work. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2019.

More men than women owned a business in 2018

The share of female business owners for Algeria falls in the lowest quintile of all countries for which there are data. Share of business is calculated as the proportion of female or male newly registered limited liability company owners out of the total number of newly registered limited liability company owners in the economy in the calendar year. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2016 and 2018.

In 2017, 29.3% of women and 56.3% of men in Algeria had an account.

The gap in account ownership between men and women in Algeria, 27, is larger than the gap of the Middle East & North Africa aggregate, 18.8. Account ownership denotes the percentage of respondents who report having an account (by themselves or together with someone else) at a bank or another type of financial institution or report personally using a mobile money service in the past 12 months.
Data is not available for Algeria for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data is not available</td>
<td>Data is not available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data is not available for Algeria for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:

Data is not available for Algeria for Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

Data is not available for Algeria for Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)

25.8% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2020 in Algeria

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Algeria has increased since 2010. The current rate is higher than the average rate in lower-middle income countries.

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Algeria</th>
<th>Middle East &amp; North Africa</th>
<th>Lower middle income</th>
<th>World</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data is not available for Algeria for Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)

Data is not available for Algeria for Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)
More men than women used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in 2017

The female rate in Algeria is lower than both Middle East & North Africa and the lower-middle income group. Internet usage denotes the percentage of respondents who report using the internet to pay bills or buy something online in the past 12 months.

- Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day). Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.
- Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+). Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.
- House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Women who do not own a house (% of women age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:. Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:. Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).
- Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.
- Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal
https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/algeria/