26 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Azerbaijan

The maternal mortality ratio in Azerbaijan has improved from 47 in 2000 to 26 in 2017. Maternal mortality in Azerbaijan is higher than its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

Maternal mortality ratio (deaths per 100,000 live births)

57 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Azerbaijan in 2019

In Azerbaijan, the rate of adolescent fertility has increased since 2010. The rate in 2019 was higher than the average rate in its income group.

Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)

98.5% of girls and 103.7% of boys complete lower secondary school in Azerbaijan as of 2020 data

Girls and boys in Azerbaijan have a very high completion rate of lower secondary school. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Lower secondary completion rate, by sex (% of relevant age group)

Adult literacy in Azerbaijan is nearly the same among women and men (2019)

In Azerbaijan, both women and men have very high literacy rates. Adult literacy rate is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement about their everyday life.

Adult literacy rate, by sex (% of people ages 15 and above)
In Azerbaijan, the labor force participation rate among females is 63.3% and among males is 69.9% for 2019.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has decreased. Compared with labor force participation in the upper-middle income group, the gap between men and women is lower in Azerbaijan.

Vulnerable employment for females has worsened in Azerbaijan since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 62.3% and among men is 46.6% in Azerbaijan for 2019. The rate of vulnerable employment is higher for men and women in Azerbaijan compared to the average rate in Europe & Central Asia.

Data is not available for Azerbaijan for proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work by sex (% of 24 hour day).
**More men than women owned a business in 2018**

The share of female business owners for Azerbaijan falls in the second quintile of all countries for which there are data. Share of business is calculated as the proportion of female or male newly registered limited liability company owners out of the total number of newly registered limited liability company owners in the economy in the calendar year. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2016 and 2018.

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**Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Azerbaijan</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Azerbaijan</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>84%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe &amp; Central Asia</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper middle income</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**In 2017, 27.7% of women and 29.4% of men in Azerbaijan had an account**

The female rate in Azerbaijan is lower than both Europe & Central Asia and the upper-middle income group. Account ownership denotes the percentage of respondents who report having an account (by themselves or together with someone else) at a bank or another type of financial institution or report personally using a mobile money service in the past 12 months.

**Data is not available for Azerbaijan for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)**

**Data is not available for Azerbaijan for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:**
In Azerbaijan, the share of women who have experienced intimate partner violence is less than the world average, 27%.

Intimate partner violence is by far the most prevalent form of violence against women globally and is defined as the percentage of ever-married women (ages 15-49) who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband or partner, whereas those who have ever experienced any form of sexual violence is the percentage of women (ages 15-49) who ever experienced sexual violence irrespective of marital status and perpetrator.

Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Any form of sexual violence</th>
<th>Intimate partner violence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>13.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

174% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2020 in Azerbaijan

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Azerbaijan has remained roughly the same as 2010. The current rate is lower than the average rate in upper-middle income countries.

More men than women used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in 2017

The female rate in Azerbaijan is lower than both Europe & Central Asia and the upper-middle income group. Internet usage denotes the percentage of respondents who report using the internet to pay bills or buy something online in the past 12 months.
- Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+). Source: Demirgüç-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.

- House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

- Women who do not own a house (% of women age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

- Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about... Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

- Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced... Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).

- Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.


- Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal
https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/azerbaijan/