34 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Fiji

The maternal mortality ratio in Fiji has improved from 51 in 2000 to 34 in 2017. Maternal mortality in Fiji is lower than its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

49 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Fiji in 2019

In Fiji, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2019 was higher than the average rate in its income group.

106.4% of girls and 98.9% of boys complete lower secondary school in Fiji as of 2016 data

Girls and boys in Fiji have a very high completion rate of lower secondary school. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Data is not available for Fiji for Adult literacy rate, by sex (% of people ages 15 and above)
In Fiji, the labor force participation rate among females is 38.2% and among males is 76.5% for 2019.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has remained roughly the same. Compared with labor force participation in the upper-middle income group, the gap between men and women is higher in Fiji.

Vulnerable employment for females has worsened in Fiji since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 47.8% and among men is 38.6% in Fiji for 2019. The rate of vulnerable employment is similar for men but higher for women in Fiji compared to the average rate in East Asia & Pacific.
In Fiji, women spend 2.9 times as much time on unpaid domestic and care work than men.

The data, expressed as a proportion of time in a day, measure the average time an individual spends on household provision of services for own consumption. In 2016, women in Fiji spent 15.2% of their day and men spent 5.2% of their day on unpaid work. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2019.
East Asia & Pacific

100%

2005

39

2015

2010

2020

https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/fiji/

19.6% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2020 in Fiji

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Fiji has increased since 2010. The current rate is lower than the average rate in upper-middle income countries.

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)

Women represented 38.6% of those employed in senior and middle management in 2016

The female share of employment in senior and middle management for Fiji falls in the fourth quintile of all countries for which there are data. Data compiled from the most recent data point available between 2010 and 2020.

Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)

• Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day). Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.
• Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+). Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.
• House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
• Women who do not own a house (% of women age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
• Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about... Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
• Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced... Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).
• Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.
• Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.

Data is not available for Fiji for Percentages of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).
Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) (http://www.dhsprogram.com/).

Data was downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.

Data is not available for Fiji for used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+).