Monaco

Income Group: High income  Region: Europe & Central Asia

Data is not available for Monaco for Maternal mortality ratio (deaths per 100,000 live births)

Data is not available for Monaco for Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)

Data is not available for Monaco for Lower secondary completion rate, by sex (% of relevant age group)

Data is not available for Monaco for Adult literacy rate, by sex (% of people ages 15 and above)

Data is not available for Monaco for Labor force participation rate, by sex (% of population ages 15+) (modeled ILO estimate)
Data is not available for Monaco for Vulnerable employment, by sex (% of total employment) (modeled ILO estimate)

Data is not available for Monaco for Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day)

Data is not available for Monaco for Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)

Data is not available for Monaco for Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+)

Data is not available for Monaco for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data is not available</td>
<td>Data is not available</td>
<td>Data is not available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Monaco has increased since 2010. The current rate is higher than the average rate in high-income countries.

### Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Monaco</th>
<th>Europe &amp; Central Asia</th>
<th>High Income</th>
<th>World</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1997</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>31%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day). Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.
- House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Women who do not own a house (% of women age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about. Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS). Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).
- Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced. Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).
- Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.
- Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal
https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/monaco