5 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in the Netherlands

The maternal mortality ratio in the Netherlands has remained stagnant over the last 20 years roughly around 5. Maternal mortality in the Netherlands is nearly the same as its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

In the Netherlands, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2019 was lower than the average rate in its income group.

4 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in the Netherlands in 2019

In the Netherlands, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2019 was lower than the average rate in its income group.

Data is not available for the Netherlands for Lower secondary completion rate, by sex (% of relevant age group)

Data is not available for the Netherlands for Adult literacy rate, by sex (% of people ages 15 and above)
In the Netherlands, the labor force participation rate among females is 59% and among males is 69.6% for 2019.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has increased. Compared with labor force participation in the high-income group, the gap between men and women is lower in the Netherlands.

Vulnerable employment among women has remained nearly the same since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 11% and among men is 14.3% in the Netherlands for 2019. The rate of vulnerable employment is similar for men and women in the Netherlands compared to the average rate in Europe & Central Asia.
In the Netherlands, women spend 1.6 times as much time on unpaid domestic and care work than men.

The data, expressed as a proportion of time in a day, measure the average time an individual spends on household provision of services for own consumption. In 2012, women in the Netherlands spent 14.7% of their day and men spent 9.2% of their day on unpaid work. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2019.

More men than women owned a business in 2018

The share of female business owners for the Netherlands falls in the second quintile of all countries for which there are data. Share of business is calculated as the proportion of female or male newly registered limited liability company owners out of the total number of newly registered limited liability company owners in the economy in the calendar year. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2016 and 2018.

In 2017, 99.8% of women and 99.4% of men in the Netherlands had an account

The female rate in the Netherlands is higher than both Europe & Central Asia and the high-income group. Account ownership denotes the percentage of respondents who report having an account (by themselves or together with someone else) at a bank or another type of financial institution or report personally using a mobile money service in the past 12 months.
Data is not available for the Netherlands for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

Data is not available for the Netherlands for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:

Data is not available for the Netherlands for Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

33.3% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2020 in the Netherlands

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in the Netherlands has decreased since 2010. The current rate is higher than the average rate in high-income countries.

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)

Women represented 26% of those employed in senior and middle management in 2019

The female share of employment in senior and middle management for the Netherlands falls in the second quintile of all countries for which there are data. Data compiled from the most recent data point available between 2010 and 2020.

Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

Male

Female

Data is not available

Data is not available
More men than women used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in 2017.

The gap in internet usage between men and women in the Netherlands, 7.3, is larger than the gap of the Europe & Central Asia aggregate, 4.5. Internet usage denotes the percentage of respondents who report using the internet to pay bills or buy something online in the past 12 months.

- Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day). Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.
- Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+). Source: Demirgüç-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.
- House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Women who do not own a house (% of women age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about: Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced: Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).
- Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.
- Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal
https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/netherlands/