4 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Spain

The maternal mortality ratio in Spain has remained stagnant over the last 20 years roughly around 4. Maternal mortality in Spain is nearly the same as its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

7 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Spain in 2019

In Spain, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2019 was nearly the same as the average rate in its income group.

100.3% of girls and 95.2% of boys complete lower secondary school in Spain as of 2019 data

Girls and boys in Spain have a very high completion rate of lower secondary school. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Adult literacy in Spain is nearly the same among women and men (2020)

In Spain, both women and men have very high literacy rates. Adult literacy rate is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement about their everyday life.
In Spain, the labor force participation rate among females is 52.2% and among males is 63.5% for 2019.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has increased. Compared with labor force participation in the high-income group, the gap between men and women is lower in Spain.

Vulnerable employment for females has improved in Spain since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 8.5% and among men is 12.8% in Spain for 2019. The rate of vulnerable employment is lower for men and women in Spain compared to the average rate in Europe & Central Asia.
In Spain, women spend 2.2 times as much time on unpaid domestic and care work than men.

The data, expressed as a proportion of time in a day, measure the average time an individual spends on household provision of services for own consumption. In 2010, women in Spain spent 19% of their day and men spent 8.6% of their day on unpaid work. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2019.

Data is not available for Spain for Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)

In 2017, 91.6% of women and 95.9% of men in Spain had an account.

The female rate in Spain is higher than Europe & Central Asia but nearly the same as the high-income group. Account ownership denotes the percentage of respondents who report having an account (by themselves or together with someone else) at a bank or another type of financial institution or report personally using a mobile money service in the past 12 months.

Data is not available for Spain for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

Data is not available
Data is not available for Spain for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Spain has increased since 2010. The current rate is higher than the average rate in high-income countries.

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)

Women represented 33.7% of those employed in senior and middle management in 2019

The female share of employment in senior and middle management for Spain falls in the fourth quintile of all countries for which there are data. Data compiled from the most recent data point available between 2010 and 2020.

Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)

More men than women used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in 2017

The female rate in Spain is higher than Europe & Central Asia but lower than the high-income group. Internet usage denotes the percentage of respondents who report using the internet to pay bills or buy something online in the past 12 months.

Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+)


Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day). Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.


Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+). Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

Women who do not own a house (% of women age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever participated in decisions about: Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.


Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.