19 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Ukraine

The maternal mortality ratio in Ukraine has improved from 35 in 2000 to 19 in 2017. Maternal mortality in Ukraine is nearly the same as its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

22 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Ukraine in 2019

In Ukraine, the rate of adolescent fertility has decreased since 2010. The rate in 2019 was lower than the average rate in its income group.

94.2% of girls and 94.5% of boys complete lower secondary school in Ukraine as of 2014 data

The female rate in Ukraine is nearly the same as Europe & Central Asia but higher than the lower-middle income group. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Adult literacy in Ukraine is nearly the same among women and men (2012)

In Ukraine, both women and men have very high literacy rates. Adult literacy rate is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement about their everyday life.
In Ukraine, the labor force participation rate among females is 46.9% and among males is 63% for 2019.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has decreased. Compared with labor force participation in the lower-middle income group, the gap between men and women is lower in Ukraine.

Vulnerable employment for females has worsened in Ukraine since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 11.8% and among men is 16.3% in Ukraine for 2019. The rate of vulnerable employment is similar for men and women in Ukraine compared to the average rate in Europe & Central Asia.

Data is not available for Ukraine for Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day).
In 2017, 61.3% of women and 65% of men in Ukraine had an account.

The female rate in Ukraine is lower than Europe & Central Asia but higher than the lower-middle income group. Account ownership denotes the percentage of respondents who report having an account (by themselves or together with someone else) at a bank or another type of financial institution or report personally using a mobile money service in the past 12 months.
In Ukraine, the share of women who have experienced intimate partner violence is less than the world average, 27%.

Intimate partner violence is by far the most prevalent form of violence against women globally and is defined as the percentage of ever-married women (ages 15-49) who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband or partner, whereas those who have ever experienced any form of sexual violence is the percentage of women (ages 15-49) who ever experienced sexual violence irrespective of marital status and perpetrator.

Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Any form of sexual violence</th>
<th>Intimate partner violence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data is not available for Ukraine for Employment in senior and middle management, female [%]

More men than women used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in 2017

The female rate in Ukraine is lower than Europe & Central Asia but higher than the lower-middle income group. Internet usage denotes the percentage of respondents who report using the internet to pay bills or buy something online in the past 12 months.

- Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24-hour day). Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.
- Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+). Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.
House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

Women who do not own a house (% of women age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about: Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).

Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced: Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.


Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal
https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/ukraine/