69 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in East Asia & Pacific

The maternal mortality ratio in East Asia & Pacific has improved from 114 in 2000 to 69 in 2017. Maternal mortality in East Asia & Pacific is lower than the world average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.

Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)

21 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in East Asia & Pacific in 2019

In East Asia & Pacific, the rate of adolescent fertility has increased since 2010. The rate in 2019 is lower than the world average.

Adult literacy in East Asia & Pacific is lower among women than among men (2020)

The adult literacy rates for both women and men in East Asia & Pacific are higher than the global rates. Adult literacy rate is the percentage of people ages 15 and above who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement about their everyday life.
In East Asia & Pacific, the labor force participation rate in females is 58.8% and in males is 76.2%.

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has decreased. Compared with the labor force participation in the world, the gap between men and women is lower in East Asia & Pacific.

Vulnerable employment for females has improved in East Asia & Pacific since 1991.

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 43.9% and among men is 39% in East Asia & Pacific for 2019.

In all countries in East Asia & Pacific for which there are data, women spend more time than men on unpaid domestic and care work.

The data, expressed as a proportion of time in a day, measure the average time an individual spends on household provision of services for own consumption. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2019.
In all countries for which there are data, more men than women own a business

Share of business is calculated as the proportion of female or male newly registered limited liability company owners out of the total number of newly registered limited liability company owners in the economy in the calendar year. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2020.

![Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)](image)

In 2017, 71.5% of women and 75.9% of men in East Asia & Pacific had an account

The gap in account ownership between men and women in East Asia & Pacific, 4.4, is smaller than the gap of the world aggregate, 7.4. The account ownership rates for both women and men in East Asia & Pacific are higher than the global rates. Account ownership denotes the percentage of respondents who report having an account (by themselves or together with someone else) at a bank or another type of financial institution or report personally using a mobile money service in the past 12 months.

![Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+)](image)

In the majority of countries in East Asia & Pacific, more men than women owned a house

Ownership of a house is defined as any person who owned a house alone, jointly with their spouse, or both alone and jointly. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2020.

![House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)](image)

Participation of women in making major decisions in the household varies within East Asia & Pacific

Women participating in making major decisions is the percentage of currently married women ages 15-49 who say that they alone or jointly have the final say in (i) making major household purchases, (ii) decisions about own healthcare, and (iii) visits to family, relatives, friends. Data compiled from the most recent data point between 2010 and 2020.

![Participation of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:](image)
In 1 out of 5 countries in East Asia & Pacific, the share of women who have experienced sexual violence is greater than 8.6%

Proportion of women who have ever experienced intimate partner violence is the percentage of ever-married women (ages 15 - 49) who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband or partner, whereas those who have ever experienced any form of sexual violence is the percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced sexual violence irrespective of marital status and perpetrator.

Women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced: any form of sexual violence / intimate partner violence (%)

21.3% of seats in national parliament are held by women

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in East Asia & Pacific has increased since 2010. The current rate is lower than the world average of 25.6%.

Share of women employed in senior and middle management was greater than the median value among all countries (31.1%) in 9 out of 17 countries in East Asia & Pacific

Female share of employment in senior and middle management ranges from 18.2% in Micronesia, Fed. Sts. to 43% in Mongolia in East Asia & Pacific.

In 2017, women and men used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online at approximately the same rate

The gap between men and women in using the internet for bill payments and purchases in East Asia & Pacific is 1%, which is lower than the world average gap of 2.6. In East Asia & Pacific the rates of women and men who use the internet for purchases and payments are higher than the global rates.


- Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day). Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database.
- Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+). Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.
- House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about: Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS).
- Women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced: any form of sexual violence / intimate partner violence (%). Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/).
- Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%). Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.
- Used the internet to pay bills or to buy something online in the past year, by sex (% age 15+). Source: Global Findex database.

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal
https://genderdata.worldbank.org/regions/east-asia-pacific/